

**CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
SAN LUIS, COLORADO**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020



Wall,
Smith,
Bateman Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



Wall,
Smith,
Bateman Inc.

To the Board of Education
Centennial School District RE-1
San Luis, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centennial School District RE-1 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certified Public Accountants

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension and other postemployment benefits information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial schedules and the Colorado School District Auditor's Integrity Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial schedules and the Colorado School District Auditor's Integrity Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial schedules and the Colorado School District Auditor's Integrity Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.
Alamosa, Colorado

March 02, 2021

**Centennial School District RE-1
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

As management of Centennial School District, we offer readers of the Centennial School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Centennial School District for the year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights 2020

- Total net position as of June 30, 2019 was \$8,566,918. Total Net Position as of June 30, 2020 was \$9,911,310, an increase of \$1,344,392.
- General revenues, primarily property taxes and state equalization payments, account for approximately \$3,454,700 or 77% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,038,197 of total revenues.
- The District had \$3,148,505 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,038,197 in addition to these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$3,454,700 provided for these programs.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services such as instruction were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements, and include a comparison to the District's budget for the year.

District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Centennial School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Centennial School District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the District-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Included in governmental activities are most of the District's basic services such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, and the food service program.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant, or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to track specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The Centennial School District, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) balances remaining at year-end which are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine financial resources that may be available in the near term to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional schedules explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

Centennial School District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in the fund balances for the (1) General fund, (2) Governmental Designated Purpose Grants fund, (3) Student Activity fund, (4) Bond Redemption fund, (5) Capital Reserve Capital Projects fund, (6) Building Fund (7) Food Service Fund.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information. Supplementary information includes other budget-to-actual information as dictated by State law.

District-wide Financial Analysis

Government-wide Analysis:

The assets of the District are classified as current assets and capital assets. Cash, investments, receivables, inventories, and prepaid expenses are current assets. These assets are available to provide resources for the near-term operations of the District. The majority of the current assets are the result of the property tax collection process; the District receives about 75% of the annual property tax assessment in the first half of

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

the calendar year.

Capital Assets are used in the operation of the District. These assets are land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets are discussed in greater detail in the section title, Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt, elsewhere in this analysis.

Current and long-term liabilities are classified based on anticipated liquidation either in the near-term or in the future. Current liabilities include accounts payable, accrued salaries and benefits, unearned revenues, and current debt obligations. The liquidation of current liabilities is anticipated to be either from current available resources, current assets, or new resources that become available during fiscal year 2020. Long-term liabilities such as long-term debt obligations and compensated absences payable, will be liquidated from resources that will become available after fiscal year 2020. A comparative analysis is provided.

Activity Fund:

Total expenditures from the Student Activity Fund for 2019-2020 were \$35,394, a decrease of \$35,708 from the fiscal year 2018-2019.

**Table 1 – Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019 and 2020**

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2020
Current & Other Assets	\$ 5,487,971	4,484,115
Capital Assets - Net	18,924,152	18,595,120
Total Assets	<u>24,412,123</u>	<u>23,079,235</u>
Deferred Outflows of Financial Resources	2,314,752	1,013,623
Total Deferred Outflows of Financial Resources	<u>2,314,752</u>	<u>1,013,623</u>
Current Liabilities	1,703,963	1,373,555
Non-Current Liabilities	10,791,651	9,216,985
Total Liabilities	<u>12,495,614</u>	<u>10,590,540</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,664,343	3,591,008
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,559,152	13,353,004
Restricted Net Position	1,655,445	1,663,457
Unrestricted Net Position	(6,647,679)	(5,105,151)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 8,566,918</u>	<u>\$ 9,911,310</u>

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

Table 2 provides a summary of the changes in net position. The following table is a specific discussion related to overall revenues and expenses.

Table 2 – Condensed Statement of Activities

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2020
Programs Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 171,584	\$ 87,120
Operating Grants	825,554	719,684
Capital Grants	-	231,393
Total Program Revenues	997,138	1,038,197
General Revenues		
Taxes	1,584,511	1,478,654
State Equalization	1,670,522	1,959,715
Investment Income	21,124	16,331
Gain (Loss) on Capital Asset Disposals	8,288	-
Miscellaneous	58,159	-
Total General Revenues	3,342,604	3,454,700
Total Revenues	4,339,742	4,492,897
Expenses		
Instruction Program	1,475,433	1,659,851
Student Supporting Services	1,697,244	85,278
Instruction Staff Supporting Services	186,200	99,548
General Admin. Supporting Services	-	194,239
School Admin Supporting Services	-	109,716
Business Supporting Services	-	154,396
Operations and Maint. Of Plant Services	-	257,349
Student Transportation Services	-	106,364
Cental Supporting Services	-	128,883
Food Services	-	149,924
Community Services	-	45,033
Facility Acquisiton and Constr. Services	-	-
Interst on Long-term Debt	-	157,924
Total Expenses	3,358,877	3,148,505
Change in Net Position	980,865	1,344,392
Net Position - Beginning	1,586,053	8,566,918
Net Position - Ending	\$ 8,566,918	\$ 9,911,310

In the previous year, property taxes and per pupil state formula revenue (state equalization) accounted for most of the District's revenue, contributing about 79%. Normally State and Federal grants and private partnership grants contribute about 13% of revenue. Normally interest on investments, other sources and miscellaneous contribute the remaining 8%.

In fiscal year 2020, the revenue percentage of property taxes and state equalization is 77%, grants 21%, and all other 2%.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

The District expenses predominantly relate to instruction and support services, which include support for students and instructional staff, administration, operations and maintenance, and transportation. Given that

Centennial School District is a service organization providing education services to students, the majority of expenses are paid in the form of compensation (salaries and benefits) to the District's employees.

The effect of the PERA pension and OPEB on the District's total net position for the Fiscal Year 2019 and 2020 is summarized below:

	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020
Net Position (GAAP Basis)	\$8,566,918	\$9,911,310
GASB 68-Pension	7,900,368	7,034,552
GASB 75- OPEB	262,869	253,844
Net Position Excluding Pension and OPEB	\$16,730,155	\$17,199,706

The effect of the PERA pension and OPEB expense on the District's unrestricted net position is summarized below:

	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020
Net Position (GAAP Basis)	\$(6,647,679)	\$(5,105,151)
GASB 68-Pension	7,900,368	7,034,552
GASB 75- OPEB	262,869	253,844
Net Position Excluding Pension and OPEB	\$1,515,558	\$2,183,245

Management's estimate of the District's proportionate share of the State On-Behalf Direct Distribution is \$39,559, which is recognized as a contribution and allocation in the General Fund.

Governmental Activities

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal, federal, and state requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994. Under this act, the District received \$13,952.30 per funded student. In fiscal year 2020, the funded pupil count was 224.7. Funding for the school finance act comes from property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and state equalization. The District received approximately 39% of this funding from state equalization while the

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

remaining amounts come from property taxes and specific ownership tax.

The statement of activities provides the cost of program services and the related charges for services and grants offsetting those costs. Table III reflects each program's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the programs and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these programs.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Information about the District's funds starts on page 6. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the general fund, an increase of \$321,931 to a year-end balance of \$2,096,893.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado Law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on the modified accrual basis.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

By the end of the fiscal year 2020, the District had invested \$18,595,120 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. (See Table 3)

Table 3 – Governmental Capital Assets

	Balance 6/30/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 102,578	\$ -	\$ 102,578
Land	131,307	-	-	131,307
Total Assets, not being depreciated:	131,307	102,578	-	233,885
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	21,224,333	180,815	-	21,405,148
Machinery and Equipment	972,666	13,299	(7,054)	978,911
Vehicles	629,948	-	-	629,948
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	22,826,947	194,114	(7,054)	23,014,007
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(3,162,821)	(427,798)	-	(3,590,619)
Transportation Equipment	(482,841)	(20,026)	-	(502,867)
Machinery and Equipment	(505,461)	(60,879)	7,054	(559,286)
Total Accum. Depreciation	(4,151,123)	(508,703)	7,054	(4,652,772)
Net Governmental Capital Assets	18,807,131	(212,011)	-	18,595,120

**Centennial School District RE-1
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$5,246,136 in total long-term debt. Of this amount, \$349,492 is due within one year. Table V details the outstanding debt and the portion due within one year for the District.

Table 4 – Long-term Obligation

	Balance 6/30/2019	Advances	Payments	Balance 6/30/2020	Current Portion
Governmental Activities					
2012 GO Bonds	\$ 5,365,000	\$ -	\$ (325,000)	\$ 5,040,000	\$ 330,000
Bond Premiums	221,608	-	(19,492)	202,116	19,492
Accrued Compensated Absen	74,201	-	(70,181)	4,020	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 5,660,809	\$ -	\$ (414,673)	\$ 5,246,136	\$ 349,492

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

1. ECARE representative from the Colorado Department of Education has asked the ECARE reserve be reduced.
2. The Centennial School District should continue to monitor and develop action plans to reduce increased health insurance premiums.
3. The Centennial School District insurance company suggests cost containment procedures be implemented, which will provide a 5% annual savings to workers compensation.
4. The EARRS grant funding is as follows:
 - a. Year One: \$182,437
 - b. Year Two: \$ 178,065
 - c. Year Three: \$124,844
 - d. Year Four: \$91,191
5. Centennial School District bus fleet is currently need of replacement. The average price of a new bus is approximately \$110,000.
6. Colorado Department of Education reported enrollment at 224.7 students in 2019-2020. In 2018-19 the Colorado Department of Education reported enrollment at 216.9 students.
7. Additional funding to the district came through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act which was enacted on March 27, 2020 – a \$2 trillion package of assistance measures that include direct payment to families, loans for small businesses, and support for businesses and funding for education. Four education funding streams from the CARES Act were the Coronavirus Relief Fund, the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund, Governor’s Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund, and nutrition. In May 2020, the School received \$300,573.08 through the Coronavirus Relief Fund of which \$300,573.08 has been deferred to use in fiscal year 2021. These funding sources are to address the impact COVID-19 has had and continues to have on elementary and secondary schools. No adjustments have been made to these financial statements as the potential impact is unknown at this time.

**Centennial School District RE-1
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent of Schools, Centennial School District, 14644 Hwy 159, San Luis, CO 81152.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2020

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,222,724
Accounts Receivable	1,202
Property Tax Receivable	235,744
Inventory	6,358
Due from Other Governments	18,087
Total Current Assets	4,484,115
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Land	131,307
Construction in Progress	102,578
Buildings and Improvements	21,405,148
Machinery and Equipment	978,911
Vehicles	629,948
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(4,652,772)
Total Noncurrent Assets	18,595,120
TOTAL ASSETS	23,079,235
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension	503,044
OPEB	10,829
Deferred Charge on Bond Refunding	499,750
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,013,623
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	1,685
Due to Other Governments	3,068
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	259,193
Grant Unearned Revenue	697,259
Accrued Interest Payable	62,858
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	19,492
General Obligation Bonds Payable	330,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,373,555
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences	4,020
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	182,624
General Obligation Bonds Payable	4,710,000
Net Pension Liability	4,117,822
Net OPEB Liability	202,519
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,216,985
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,590,540
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension	3,419,774
OPEB	62,154
Unavailable Revenue- Property Tax	109,080
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,591,008

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2020

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,353,004
Restricted for:	
TABOR	110,000
BEST Renewal Reserve	192,900
Debt Service	1,043,727
Preschool	316,830
Unrestricted	(5,105,151)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 9,911,310

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense)
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
					Primary Government
Governmental Activities:					
Instructional Program	\$ 1,659,851	\$ -	\$ 513,344	\$ -	\$ (1,146,507)
Student Supporting Services	85,278	-	-	-	(85,278)
Instructional Staff Supporting Services	99,548	-	-	-	(99,548)
General Administration Supporting Services	194,239	-	1,572	-	(192,667)
School Administration Supporting Services	109,716	-	6,214	-	(103,502)
Business Supporting Services	154,396	-	-	-	(154,396)
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Services	257,349	-	2,033	-	(255,316)
Student Transportation Services	106,364	-	47,270	-	(59,094)
Central Supporting Services	128,883	-	-	-	(128,883)
Food Services	149,924	2,474	149,251	-	1,801
Community Services	45,033	84,646	-	-	39,613
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	-	-	-	231,393	231,393
Interest on Long-term Debt	157,924	-	-	-	(157,924)
Total Governmental Activities	3,148,505	87,120	719,684	231,393	(2,110,308)
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,148,505	\$ 87,120	\$ 719,684	\$ 231,393	\$ (2,110,308)
General Revenues and Transfers					
Taxes:					
General Property Taxes - Net					1,266,309
Other Taxes					212,345
State Equalization					1,959,715
Interest on Investments					16,331
Total General Revenues and Transfers					3,454,700
Change in Net Position					1,344,392
Net Position - Beginning of Year					8,566,918
Net Position - End of Year					\$ 9,911,310

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

**CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET
June 30, 2020**

	GENERAL FUND	GOVERNMENTAL DESIGNATED PURPOSE GRANTS FUND	BOND REDEMPTION FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,252,690	\$ 725,007	\$ 988,212	\$ 256,815	\$ 4,222,724
Accounts Receivable	1,202	-	-	-	1,202
Property Tax Receivable	157,519	-	77,681	544	235,744
Due from Other Funds	9,722	-	8,313	-	18,035
Due from Other Governments	-	3,979	-	14,108	18,087
Inventory	-	-	-	6,358	6,358
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,421,133	\$ 728,986	\$ 1,074,206	\$ 277,825	\$ 4,502,150
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,162	\$ (17)	\$ -	\$ 540	\$ 1,685
Due to Other Funds	8,313	-	-	9,722	18,035
Due to Other Governments	79	2,989	-	-	3,068
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	230,835	24,608	-	3,750	259,193
Grant Unearned Revenue	5,250	691,879	-	130	697,259
TOTAL LIABILITIES	245,639	719,459	-	14,142	979,240
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	78,601	-	30,479	-	109,080
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspendable					
Inventory	-	-	-	6,358	6,358
Restricted for					
TABOR 3% Reserve	110,000	-	-	-	110,000
BEST Renewal Reserve	192,900	-	-	-	192,900
Debt Service	-	-	1,043,727	-	1,043,727
Preschool	316,830	-	-	-	316,830
Committed					
Grants	-	9,527	-	-	9,527
Pupil Activities	-	-	-	138,733	138,733
Food Service	-	-	-	19,914	19,914
Capital Projects	-	-	-	98,678	98,678
Unassigned	1,477,163	-	-	-	1,477,163
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	2,096,893	9,527	1,043,727	263,683	3,413,830
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
	\$ 2,421,133	\$ 728,986	\$ 1,074,206	\$ 277,825	\$ 4,502,150

6 The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2020

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 3,413,830
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	18,595,120
Deferred charges on bond refunding are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds statements.	499,750
Deferred results and contributions to pension and OPEB plans made after the measurement date are not recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds but must be deferred in the statement of net position.	513,873
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ (5,040,000)
Accrued Interest Payable	(62,858)
Compensated Absences	<u>(4,020)</u>
	(5,106,878)
Net pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(4,320,341)
Certain transactions relating to the activity of the bonds are expenditures in the governmental funds, but are required to be capitalized and amortized in the government-wide financial statements.	
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	(202,116)
Certain amounts related to the net pension and OPEB liability are deferred and amortized over time. These are not reported in the funds.	<u>(3,481,928)</u>
Net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 9,911,310</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	GENERAL FUND	GOVERNMENTAL DESIGNATED PURPOSE GRANTS FUND	BOND REDEMPTION FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES					
Local Sources	\$ 1,107,832	\$ 31,931	\$ 493,494	\$ 77,782	\$ 1,711,039
State Sources	2,115,778	326,061	-	888	2,442,727
Federal Sources	-	195,203	-	143,928	339,131
TOTAL REVENUES	3,223,610	553,195	493,494	222,598	4,492,897
EXPENDITURES					
Instructional Program	1,494,472	416,622	-	35,479	1,946,573
Student Supporting Services	87,777	19,442	-	-	107,219
Instructional Staff Supporting Services	43,883	105,496	-	-	149,379
General Administration Supporting Services	226,186	11,635	-	-	237,821
School Administration Supporting Services	164,385	-	-	-	164,385
Business Supporting Services	191,745	-	-	-	191,745
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Services	256,323	-	-	41,847	298,170
Student Transportation Services	119,463	-	-	-	119,463
Central Supporting Services	134,686	-	-	-	134,686
Food Services	-	-	-	188,432	188,432
Community Services	68,625	-	-	-	68,625
Facilities Acq. And Const. Services	-	-	-	73	73
Debt Service	-	-	463,070	-	463,070
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,787,545	553,195	463,070	265,831	4,069,641
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	436,065	-	30,424	(43,233)	423,256
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer In (Out) - net	(114,134)	-	-	114,134	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(114,134)	-	-	114,134	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	321,931	-	30,424	70,901	423,256
FUND BALANCE at Beginning of Year	1,774,962	9,527	1,013,303	192,782	2,990,574
FUND BALANCE at End of Year	\$ 2,096,893	\$ 9,527	\$ 1,043,727	\$ 263,683	\$ 3,413,830

8 The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 423,256

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the activity in the capital assets in the current period.

Capital Asset Addition	\$ 179,671	
Depreciation expense	<u>(508,703)</u>	(329,032)

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payment on general obligation bonds		325,000
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The premium associated with the issuance of the general obligation bonds provide a current financial resource to the debt service fund, but they must be capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Interest Payable	2,979	
Accretion of Bond Premium	<u>19,492</u>	22,471

The deferred charge on refunding associated with the refunding of debt provide a current financial resource to the debt service fund, but they must be capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.

Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding		(42,325)
--	--	----------

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated Absences		70,181
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Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This item consists of the pension and OPEB expense.

		<u>874,841</u>
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Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 1,344,392

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the District reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*.

REPORTING ENTITY

Primary Government

Centennial School District R-1 is a public school as established by Colorado State Statute. The District is declared to be a corporate body with perpetual existence and in its name may hold property, sue and be sued, and be a party to contracts for any purpose authorized by law. Members of the school board are voted on at large by the registered, qualified electors of the District. Taxes are levied upon all taxable property within the District's boundaries by the County Commissioners. The County Treasurer collects the taxes and remits them to the school district. The District also receives State and Federal funds. The school board has the authority to issue bonds up to 20% of the latest assessed valuation of the taxable property in the District. The board also has authority to select the depository of school funds and acquire short-term loans.

Component Units

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The District is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District
- The organization is financially accountable to the District
- The organization receives or holds funds that are for the benefit of the District; and the District has access to a majority of the funds held; and the funds that are accessible are also significant to the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Centennial School District R-1 has no component units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the District, except for District fiduciary activity. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Mainly taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements, imposed by the provider, are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The **Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund** is a special revenue fund used to record financial transactions for grants received for designated programs funded by federal, state, or local governments.
- The **Bond Redemption Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related expenses on long-term general obligation debt or long-term voter approved lease-purchase debt.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated.

ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash in bank, certificates of deposit, and liquid investments with maturity of three months or less.

Investments

All investments, if any, are recorded at fair market value.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. The taxes are payable in two installments on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The District's property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer who remits monthly receipts to the District. Property tax revenue is recognized when received by the County Treasurer. Uncollected property taxes that became an enforceable lien January 1, 2017, have been recorded in the financial statements as an asset and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources.

Receivables/Payables From Other District Funds

Balances that originate from current lending/borrowing arrangements between funds are referred to as "Due To/From Other Funds".

Inventories

Purchased inventories are stated at cost and consist of supplies and food to be used within one year. Donated inventory is priced at the U.S. Department of Agriculture established values.

USDA Commodities

The Food Service Fund receives donated commodities to use in meal preparation from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities received during the year is shown as income, and the value of commodities used is shown as expense.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	50
Machinery and Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	6-10

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, debt proceeds are reported as another financing source and debt payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

Bond Premium and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond premiums net of amortization were \$202,116, at June 30, 2020. Debt issuance costs are reported as an expense.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Compensated Absences

Teachers and classified staff of the District receive thirteen leave days each contract year. Administrative staff receive a total of twenty four leave days each contract year. Leave days may accumulate up to 60 days, and any earned over 60 days is paid in June of each year. Employees retiring shall receive a payment equal to half the daily substitute's rate times the number of days of accumulated leave. If an employee resigns or is terminated, any accumulated leave days are lost.

Unearned Grant Revenue

Revenues on grants, which are restricted by the grant document for specific purposes, are recognized as revenue only after eligible grant costs have been incurred. Grant funds received in excess of grant expenditures are recorded as unearned revenues.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (as either an expense or expenditure) until that period. A deferred charge on refunding arises from advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payment of refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide statements.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are reported in the statement of net position and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period for which the taxes are levied. In the governmental funds, unavailable property taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources until the period in which the taxes become available.

Certain amounts related to pensions must be deferred.

Pensions

The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications to the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to certain benefit provisions. Some, but not all, of these changes were in effect as of June 30, 2020.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

Other Postemployment Benefits

The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position should be displayed in the following three components:

- *Net investment in capital assets* – consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be included in this component of net position.
- *Restricted* – consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted assets consist of assets that have limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- *Unrestricted* – consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

Fund Balance

Fund balances are reported by classification based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints for the specific purposes of which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in one of the following five categories:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance*- amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as inventory and prepaid expenditures.
- *Restricted Fund Balance*- amounts restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed Fund Balance*- amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed through adopted resolution by the Board of Education, the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of action. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- *Assigned Fund Balance*- amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board of Education or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance*- amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Education has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Encumbrances

The District does not record purchase orders in the accounting system until invoices are ready for payment. Unfulfilled purchase commitments outstanding at the end of the budget year are rebudgeted in the succeeding year. End of the year fund balance intended to be used in the succeeding year is reported as designated fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassification

Certain amounts in fiscal year 2019 have been reclassified to conform to fiscal year 2020 financial statement presentation.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Centennial School District R-1 follows the procedures set forth in the Colorado School District Budget Law when preparing annual budgets for each fund. Budget procedures include:

- 1) Preparation of budget documents by administrative staff shall be submitted to the Board of Education no later than June 1 of each year
- 2) Publication of a notice stating that the budget is available for public inspection
- 3) Discussion of the budget in a meeting open to the public
- 4) Adoption of the budget in a public meeting by appropriate resolution

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the District. All fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The total expenditures for each fund cannot exceed the budgeted amount unless a supplemental appropriation is adopted. The Board of Education did not adopt supplemental appropriations during fiscal year 2020.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final amended budget, if applicable.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of Cash, Deposits, and Investments for the District are as follows:

Cash in Banks	\$ 3,200,432
Investments	<u>1,022,292</u>
Total cash, deposits, and investments on the Statement of Net Position	<u><u>\$ 4,222,724</u></u>

Cash and Deposits

Colorado State Statutes govern the District's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories, determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$2,753,592 of the District's bank balance of \$3,186,338 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution through PDPA.

Investments

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. They include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agencies' securities
- Certain international agencies' securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper holding the highest credit rating category and with a maturity within 180 days
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

State law limits investments for school districts to U.S. treasury issues, other federally backed notes and credits, and other agency offerings. Other investment instruments, including bank obligations, general obligation bonds, and commercial paper, are limited to at least one of the highest rating categories of at least one nationally recognized rating agency. State law further limits investments in money market funds to those institutions with over \$1 billion in assets or the highest credit rating from one or more of the nationally recognized rating agencies. COLOTRUST has over \$1 billion in assets, is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's, and maintains a constant net asset value of \$1

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

per share. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. Financial statements for COLOTRUST are available at www.colotruster.com.

Investments	Maturity	Total	Rating
ColoTrust	Less than 1 year	\$ 1,022,292	AAAm

NOTE 4 PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2020, the District had an estimated property tax receivable of approximately \$235,744.

NOTE 5 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Intergovernmental receivables include amounts due from grantors for specific program grants. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred. As of June 30, 2020, the District had \$18,087 due from Federal, State, and Local governments, reflected as intergovernmental receivables in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The District reports interfund balances between many of its funds. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date.

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Student Activity Fund	\$ 9,722
Bond Redemption Fund	General Fund	8,313
Total		\$ 18,035

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
Food Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 32,491
Student Activity Fund	General Fund	10,000
Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	71,643
Total		\$ 114,134

These transfers were made to subsidize the Food Service Fund, Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund, and Student Activity Fund.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/2020
<i>Governmental Activities</i>				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 131,307	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 131,307
Construction in Progress	-	102,578	-	102,578
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>131,307</u>	<u>102,578</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>233,885</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	21,224,333	180,815	-	21,405,148
Machinery and Equipment	972,666	13,299	(7,054)	978,911
Vehicles	629,948	-	-	629,948
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>22,826,947</u>	<u>194,114</u>	<u>(7,054)</u>	<u>23,014,007</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and Improvements	(3,162,821)	(427,798)	-	(3,590,619)
Machinery and Equipment	(505,461)	(60,879)	7,054	(559,286)
Vehicles	(482,841)	(20,026)	-	(502,867)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,151,123)</u>	<u>(508,703)</u>	<u>7,054</u>	<u>(4,652,772)</u>
Net Capital Assets being depreciated	<u>18,675,824</u>	<u>(314,589)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,361,235</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 18,807,131</u>	<u>\$ (212,011)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 18,595,120</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

<i>Governmental activities:</i>	
Instructional Program	\$ 488,677
Student Transportation Services	<u>20,026</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$ 508,703</u>

NOTE 8 ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

The teachers, administrators, and the administrative staff are employed under nine, ten, and twelve month contracts. All District employees are paid on a twelve-month basis; therefore, a difference exists between the actual amount of salaries earned under the contract and the amount paid. The difference between salaries earned and paid, including the District's share of benefits, has been accrued in the financial statements in the amount of \$259,193.

NOTE 9 OPERATING LEASES

The District has entered into an operating lease arrangement for three copier machines. The lease is considered for accounting purposes as an operating lease. Lease expenses for the year totaled approximately \$11,182.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability balances for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Balance 06/30/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/2020	Due within One Year
<i>Governmental Activities</i>					
G.O. Bonds Payable - 2012	\$ 5,365,000	\$ -	\$ (325,000)	\$ 5,040,000	\$ 330,000
Bond Premiums	221,608	-	(19,492)	202,116	19,492
Compensated Absences	74,201	-	(70,181)	4,020	-
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 5,660,809</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (414,673)</u>	<u>\$ 5,246,136</u>	<u>\$ 349,492</u>

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

The District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 denominations of \$5,000, dated October 30, 2012, total issue \$6,010,000. The bonds were issued to refund a portion of the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008. The Series 2008 Bonds matured on January 15, 2017. Interest, at a rate between 1.00% and 3.25%, is payable each January 15th and July 15th. Principal is due January 15, 2017, through maturity on January 15, 2033.

Bonds maturing on and before January 15, 2022, are not subject to redemption prior to their respective maturity dates. The Bonds maturing on and after January 15, 2023, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000, and if in part in such order of maturities as the District shall determine and by lot within a maturity, on January 15, 2022, and on any date thereafter, at a redemption price equal to the principal thereof (with no redemption premium), plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

All bonds noted above are the general obligations of the District and shall be payable from general and valorem taxes required to be levied, without limitation as to rate, and in amounts sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds, on all taxable property of the District, except to the extent other legally available funds are applied for such purpose.

The annual debt service for the general obligation bonds is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 330,000	\$ 137,144	\$ 467,144
2022	340,000	130,544	470,544
2023	350,000	122,894	472,894
2024	355,000	115,019	470,019
2025	370,000	106,588	476,588
2026-2030	1,970,000	385,725	2,355,725
2031-2033	1,325,000	86,238	1,411,238
Total	<u>\$ 5,040,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,084,152</u>	<u>\$ 6,124,152</u>

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NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2019. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases, the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2019, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S, once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, the annual increase in 2019 is 0.00 percent for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all of the DPS benefit structure employment will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. §24-51-413. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S §24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

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Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2020. Eligible employees of, the District and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8.75 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2020
Employer Contribution Rate	10.40%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	-1.02%
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	19.38%

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the SCHDTF is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.

Subsequent to the SCHDTF’s December 31, 2019, measurement date, HB 20-1379 *Suspend Direct Distribution To PERA Public Employees Retirement Association for 2020-21 Fiscal Year*, was passed into law during the 2020 legislative session and signed by Governor Polis on June 29, 2020. This bill suspends the July 1, 2020, \$225 million direct distribution allocated to the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Divisions, as required under Senate Bill 18-200.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$313,852 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

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At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$4,117,822 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Centennial School District's proportionate share of the net position liability	\$	4,117,822
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the Centennial District		522,293
Total	\$	4,640,115

At December 31, 2019, District's proportion was 0.02756 percent, which was a decrease of 0.003% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$(865,816) and revenue of \$39,559 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 224,424	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	487,797
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	117,558	1,867,805
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	-	1,064,172
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	161,062	-
Total	\$ 503,044	\$ 3,419,774

\$161,062 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ (1,641,629)
2022	(1,182,102)
2023	(88,127)
2024	(165,934)
2025	-
Thereafter	-

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Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 9.70 percent
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07	1.25 percent compounded annually
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic) ¹	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

¹For 2019, the annual increase was 0.00 percent.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA’s Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the

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long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity- Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity- Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity- Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity- Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and the additional 0.50 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and the additional 0.50 percent, resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further

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reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.

- As specified in law, the State will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million, which commenced July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase cap, from 1.50 percent to 1.25 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,461,113	\$ 4,117,822	\$ 2,990,011

Pension plan fiduciary net position- Detailed information about the SCHDTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s CAFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be

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amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$16,519 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

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OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$202,519 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.018 percent, which was an increase of 0.001816 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(9,025). At June 30, 2020, District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 672	\$ 34,031
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	3,380
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,680	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	-	24,743
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	8,477	-
Total	\$ 10,829	\$ 62,154

\$8,477 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ (12,372)
2022	(12,371)
2023	(11,392)
2024	(12,374)
2025	(10,655)
Thereafter	(638)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent

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Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 percent in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	5.60 percent in 2019, gradually Decreasing to 4.50 percent in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50 percent for 2019, gradually increasing to 4.50 percent in 2029

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

The actuarial assumptions used in December 31, 2018, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board Meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA's actuary, as discussed below.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2019 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$601	\$240
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	605	237

The 2019 Medicare Part A premium is \$437 per month.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees in the PERA Benefit Structure who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following chart details the initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits, age adjusted to age 65 for the year following the valuation date:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$562
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	571

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost

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trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2018, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2019	5.60%	3.50%
2020	8.60%	3.50%
2021	7.30%	3.50%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	3.75%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

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For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care cost assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2019 plan year.
- The morbidity assumptions were updated to reflect the assumed standard aging factors.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA’s Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity- Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity- Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity- Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity- Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	4.60%	5.60%	6.60%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 197,708	\$ 202,519	\$ 208,078

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2019, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 228,989	\$ 202,519	\$ 179,882

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s CAFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 13 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Plan. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the years ended June 30, 2020, program members contributed \$191 for the Voluntary Investment Program.

NOTE 14 JOINT VENTURES AND RELATED PARTIES

The District participates in the following entities. These joint ventures and related parties do not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the following entities:

- are financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- have a separate governing board from that of the District,
- have a separate management which is responsible for day-to-day operations and is accountable to the separate governing board,
- have governing boards and management with the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities and determining the outcome for disposition of matters affecting the recipients of services provided, and
- have absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls fiscal management.

San Luis Valley Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES)

The BOCES is an organization that provides member districts educational services at a shared lower cost per district. The Board of the BOCES is selected from the elected members of the District Boards. The District has one member on the Board. This Board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture. The District's share of the joint venture is approximately 7% at June 30, 2020. Complete separate financial statements may be obtained from BOCES.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

Colorado School Districts' Self-Insurance Pool

The District belongs to the Colorado School Districts' Self-Insurance Pool. The Pool was established by the Colorado Association of School Boards (CASB) to provide insurance coverage to participants in the areas of General Liability, Errors and Omissions, Automobile Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Auto Personal Injury Protection, Real and Personal Property, Crime, and other coverage. The Board of Directors is composed of eight persons, several of who are appointed by the Board of Directors of CASB and the Executive Director of CASB. The pool is managed by an independent manager chosen by the Board of Directors. Each member's initial contribution and subsequent contributions are determined by the Pool based on factors including, but not limited to, the aggregate Pool claims, the cost of administrative and other operating expenses, the number of participants, the adequacy of both Operating and Reserve Funds, and other factors touching on the status of the Pool or an individual participant, and as approved by the Colorado Insurance Commissioner.

As the District did not exercise oversight responsibility nor have sufficient control over Pool activities, the Pool is not a component unit of the District and only the District's share of contributions to the Pool is recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. The District's share in the Pool is not determinable from current information, but is estimated to be less than 1%. The District's share, if calculated, would not be material to the Pool's financial information at June 30, 2020. Complete separate financial statements may be obtained from the Colorado School Districts' Self-Insurance Pool.

NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District participates in federal grant programs subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

COVID-19

In March of 2020, the COVID-19 virus was declared a global pandemic. Business continuity could be severely impacted for months or more, as significant and unprecedented measures to mitigate the consequences of the pandemic are undertaken. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was enacted on March 27, 2020 to provide, among other things, funding for education. In May 2020, the District received \$256,936 of COVID Relief Funds (CRF) under the CARES Act, \$231,747 has been deferred for use in fiscal year 2021. These funding sources are to address the impact COVID-19 has had and continues to have on elementary and secondary schools. There are specific allowable uses for the funds. The funds cannot be used to supplement reductions to per pupil funding that has resulted from the downturn in the economy due to COVID-19. No adjustments have been made to these financial statements as the potential impact is unknown at this time.

BEST

As part of the BEST grant agreement for the construction of the District's school building, the District agreed to fund a capital replacement reserve in the amount of \$110 per funded pupil. The reserve calculation is based on the annual October student count and commenced in fiscal year 2012. The amount set aside as of June 30, 2020 is \$192,900.

NOTE 16 TABOR EMERGENCY RESERVE

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. Revenue in excess of the limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue. On November 6, 1996, voters approved a ballot which stated that the District is authorized to collect, retain, and expend all revenues including grants and other funds collected during 1996 and each subsequent year from any source, notwithstanding the limitations of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution, provided, however, that no property tax mill levy be increased at any time nor shall any new tax be imposed without the prior approval of the voters.

The amendment also requires that Emergency Reserves be established. These reserves must be at least three percent of fiscal year spending. This Emergency Reserve is presented as a restricted fund balance in the General Fund balance sheet and a restricted net position in the government-wide statement of net position. The entity is not allowed to use the Emergency Reserve to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE 17 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the Colorado School District's Self-Insurance Pool. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTE 18 DEFICIT NET POSITION

The Governmental Activities has an unrestricted net position deficit of \$(5,105,151) primarily due to the PERA net pension liability of \$4,117,822, and OPEB net liability of \$202,519 and related deferrals as further described in Notes 11 and 12. As the District has no control over pension benefits or contribution rates, the District expects this deficit net position to continue for the foreseeable future.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements, a budgetary comparison schedule is required for the General Fund and each of the District's major special revenue funds. Pension and OPEB plan contributions and the District's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities are also required to supplement the basic financial statements.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 1,226,600	\$ 1,076,330	\$ 1,107,832	\$ 31,502
State Sources	1,892,556	2,069,098	2,115,778	46,680
TOTAL REVENUES	3,119,156	3,145,428	3,223,610	78,182
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Program	1,680,896	1,547,993	1,494,472	53,521
Student Supporting Services	96,550	81,078	87,777	(6,699)
Instructional Staff Supporting Services	158,159	55,087	43,883	11,204
General Administration Supporting Services	331,335	225,439	226,186	(747)
School Administration Supporting Services	193,350	185,278	164,385	20,893
Business Supporting Services	72,010	170,830	191,745	(20,915)
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Services	336,525	349,115	256,323	92,792
Student Transportation Services	209,045	202,863	119,463	83,400
Central Supporting Services	71,000	155,954	134,686	21,268
Community Services	80,600	82,657	68,625	14,032
Risk Management	65,000	-	-	-
Contingency	1,005,686	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,300,156	3,056,294	2,787,545	268,749
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,181,000)	89,134	436,065	346,931
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers To Other Funds	(25,000)	(89,134)	(114,134)	(25,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(25,000)	(89,134)	(114,134)	(25,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,206,000)	-	321,931	321,931
Fund Balance at Beginning of year	1,206,000	-	1,774,962	1,774,962
Fund Balance at End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,096,893	\$ 2,096,893

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.
This schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GOVERNMENTAL DESIGNATED PURPOSE GRANTS FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ 31,931	\$ (268,069)
State Sources	-	691,170	326,061	(365,109)
Federal Sources	187,111	192,138	195,203	3,065
TOTAL REVENUES	187,111	1,183,308	553,195	(630,113)
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Program	159,181	172,772	416,622	(243,850)
Student Supporting Services	12,000	14,760	19,442	(4,682)
Instructional Staff Supporting Services	23,350	122,572	105,496	17,076
General Administration Supporting Services	-	-	11,635	(11,635)
School Administration Supporting Services	3,550	162	-	162
Operations and Maintenance Services	-	584,041	-	584,041
Reserves	289,000	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	487,081	894,307	553,195	341,112
Net Change in Fund Balance	(299,970)	289,001	-	(289,001)
Fund Balance at Beginning of year	300,000	-	9,527	9,527
Fund Balance at End of year	\$ 30	\$ 289,001	\$ 9,527	\$ (279,474)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

This schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R1
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
PERA SCHDTF PENSION PLAN
For the Years Ended June 30,

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0275627950%	0.0305136395%	0.0355676444%	0.0358301782%	0.0349578503%	0.0349027099%	0.0328310586%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,117,822	\$ 5,403,067	\$ 11,501,312	\$ 10,668,029	\$ 5,346,556	\$ 4,730,490	\$ 4,187,593
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	522,293	649,926	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 4,640,115	\$ 6,052,993	\$ 11,501,312	\$ 10,668,029	\$ 5,346,556	\$ 4,730,490	\$ 4,187,593
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,622,830	\$ 1,677,497	\$ 1,640,693	\$ 1,608,123	\$ 1,523,455	\$ 1,462,096	\$ 1,323,522
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	254%	322%	701%	663%	351%	324%	316%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.5%	57.0%	44.0%	43.1%	59.2%	62.8%	64.1%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R1
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
PERA SCHDTF PENSION PLAN
For the Years Ended June 30,

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 313,852	\$ 316,430	\$ 315,056	\$ 300,188	\$ 278,517	\$ 250,068	\$ 225,015	\$ 190,836	\$ 191,251	\$ 172,750
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(313,852)</u>	<u>(316,430)</u>	<u>(315,056)</u>	<u>(300,188)</u>	<u>(278,517)</u>	<u>(250,068)</u>	<u>(225,015)</u>	<u>(190,836)</u>	<u>(191,251)</u>	<u>(172,750)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	1,619,495	1,654,103	1,668,099	1,632,853	1,569,945	1,480,434	1,405,967	1,263,906	1,346,416	1,299,953
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.38%	19.13%	18.89%	18.38%	17.74%	16.89%	16.00%	15.10%	14.20%	13.29%

See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
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CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R1
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
PERA HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND
For the Years Ended June 30,

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0180177448%	0.0198340136%	0.0202093967%	0.0203663020%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 202,519	\$ 269,850	\$ 262,641	\$ 264,056
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,622,830	\$ 1,677,497	\$ 1,640,693	\$ 1,608,123
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.48%	16.09%	16.01%	16.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	24.5%	17.0%	17.5%	16.7%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

**This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R1
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
PERA HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND
For the Years Ended June 30,

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 16,519	\$ 16,872	\$ 17,015	\$ 16,655	\$ 16,013	\$ 15,100	\$ 14,341
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(16,519)</u>	<u>(16,872)</u>	<u>(17,015)</u>	<u>(16,655)</u>	<u>(16,013)</u>	<u>(15,100)</u>	<u>(14,341)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	1,619,495	1,654,103	1,668,099	1,632,853	1,569,945	1,480,434	1,405,967
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

** This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled the District presents information for those years which information is available.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in assumptions or other inputs effective for the December 31st measurement period for the following years ended:

- 2019* The post-retirement benefit increases to the PERA benefit structure for those hired prior to 1/1/07 was changed from 0% through 2019 and 1.5% compounded annually thereafter, to 1.25%.
- 2018* The assumed investment rate of return of 7.25% was used as the discount rate, rather than using the blended rate of 4.78%
- 2017* The discount rate was lowered from 5.26% to 4.78%.
- 2016*
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.80% to 2.40%.
 - The long-term expected rate of return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25% per year.
 - The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.90% to 3.50%.
 - The mortality tables were changed from RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males and Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection scale of Scale AA to 2020 to RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality for actively working people, RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale for retirees, or RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for disabled retirees.
 - The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 5.26%.
- 2015* There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs this measurement period compared to the prior year.

NOTE 2 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY

Changes in assumptions or other inputs effective for the December 31st measurement period for the following years ended:

- 2019*
- The PERA benefit structure for PERACare Medicare plans was revised from 5.00 percent to 5.60 percent in 2019, gradually decreasing to 4.5 percent in 2019.
 - The PERA benefit structure for Medicare Part A premiums was revised from 3.25 percent for 2018. Gradually rising to 5.00 percent in 2025 to .5 percent in 2019, gradually increasing to 4.5 percent in 2029.
 - The monthly cost/premium assumed for the PERA benefit structure were revised from the following in 2018:

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Cost for Members without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members without Medicare part A
Medicare Plan		
Self-Funded Medicare Supplement Plans	\$ 736	\$ 367
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	602	236
Rocky Mountain Health Plans Medicare HMO	611	251
United Healthcare Medicare HMO	686	213

	Cost for Members without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members without Medicare part A
to the following in 2019:		
Medicare Plan		
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$ 601	\$ 240
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	605	237

The Medicare Part A premium was increased from \$422 to \$437 per month.

The initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits were revised from the following in 2018:

	Cost for Members without Medicare Part A
Medicare Plan	
Self-Funded Medicare Supplement Plans	\$ 289
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	300
Rocky Mountain Health Plans Medicare HMO	270
United Healthcare Medicare HMO	400

	Cost for Members without Medicare Part A
to the following in 2019:	
Medicare Plan	
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$ 562
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	571

2018 There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs effective this measurement period compared to the prior year.

2017 The Medicare Part A premiums were raised from 3.00% to 3.25%, as well as the gradual percentage rose from 4.25% in 2023 to 5.00% in 2025.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

These financial statements present more detailed information for the individual funds in a format that segregates information by fund type.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of special revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Food Service Fund- This fund is used to account for the operations of the school breakfast and lunch programs.

Student Activity Fund- This fund is used to record financial transactions related to school-sponsored pupil intrascholastic and interscholastic athletic and other related activities. These activities are supported in whole or in part by revenue from pupils, gate receipts, and other fundraising activities.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Building Fund- Used to account for all resources available for acquiring capital sites, buildings and equipment. Specifically, bond and grant proceeds for construction projects.

Capital Reserve Fund- This fund is funded through elective transfers from the General Fund and is used to account for the acquisition of sites, buildings, equipment, and vehicles.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u>		<u>CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS</u>		<u>TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS</u>
	<u>FOOD SERVICE FUND</u>	<u>STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND</u>	<u>BUILDING FUND</u>	<u>CAPITAL RESERVE FUND</u>	
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,682	\$ 148,455	\$ 12,076	\$ 86,602	\$ 256,815
Accounts Receivable	544	-	-	-	544
Due from Other Governments	14,108	-	-	-	14,108
Inventory	6,358	-	-	-	6,358
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 30,692</u>	<u>\$ 148,455</u>	<u>\$ 12,076</u>	<u>\$ 86,602</u>	<u>\$ 277,825</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 540	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 540
Due to Other Funds	-	9,722	-	-	9,722
Accrued Salaries & Benefits	3,750	-	-	-	3,750
Unearned Grant Revenue	130	-	-	-	130
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>4,420</u>	<u>9,722</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,142</u>
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspendable	6,358	-	-	-	6,358
Committed	19,914	138,733	12,076	86,602	257,325
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	<u>26,272</u>	<u>138,733</u>	<u>12,076</u>	<u>86,602</u>	<u>263,683</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 30,692</u>	<u>\$ 148,455</u>	<u>\$ 12,076</u>	<u>\$ 86,602</u>	<u>\$ 277,825</u>

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u>		<u>CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS</u>		<u>TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS</u>
	<u>FOOD SERVICE FUND</u>	<u>STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND</u>	<u>BUILDING FUND</u>	<u>CAPITAL RESERVE FUND</u>	
REVENUES					
Local Sources	\$ 6,909	\$ 70,873	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 77,782
State Sources	888	-	-	-	888
Federal Sources	143,928	-	-	-	143,928
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>151,725</u>	<u>70,873</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>222,598</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Instructional Program	-	35,479	-	-	35,479
Food Services	188,432	-	-	-	188,432
Operations and Maintenance	-	-	-	41,847	41,847
Facilities Acq. and Const.	-	-	73	-	73
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>188,432</u>	<u>35,479</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>41,847</u>	<u>265,831</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(36,707)</u>	<u>35,394</u>	<u>(73)</u>	<u>(41,847)</u>	<u>(43,233)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer In	<u>32,491</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>71,643</u>	<u>114,134</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>32,491</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>71,643</u>	<u>114,134</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	<u>(4,216)</u>	<u>45,394</u>	<u>(73)</u>	<u>29,796</u>	<u>70,901</u>
Fund Balance at beginning of year	<u>30,488</u>	<u>93,339</u>	<u>12,149</u>	<u>56,806</u>	<u>192,782</u>
Fund Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 26,272</u>	<u>\$ 138,733</u>	<u>\$ 12,076</u>	<u>\$ 86,602</u>	<u>\$ 263,683</u>

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOOD SERVICE FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 19,500	\$ 41,344	\$ 6,909	\$ (34,435)
State Sources	2,400	1,000	888	(112)
Federal Sources	268,619	139,500	143,928	4,428
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>290,519</u>	<u>181,844</u>	<u>151,725</u>	<u>(30,119)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Food Services				
Salaries	93,000	77,000	75,212	1,788
Fringe Benefits	42,770	23,730	22,894	836
Purchased Services	605	605	1,864	(1,259)
Food	95,700	87,000	88,462	(1,462)
Equipment	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Reserves	150,955	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>384,030</u>	<u>189,335</u>	<u>188,432</u>	<u>903</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(93,511)</u>	<u>(7,491)</u>	<u>(36,707)</u>	<u>(29,216)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Other Funds	-	7,491	32,491	25,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>-</u>	<u>7,491</u>	<u>32,491</u>	<u>25,000</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(93,511)	-	(4,216)	(4,216)
Fund balance at beginning of year	<u>228,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,488</u>	<u>30,488</u>
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 134,489</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 26,272</u>	<u>\$ 26,272</u>

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 57,000	\$ 57,000	\$ 70,873	\$ 13,873
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>57,000</u>	<u>57,000</u>	<u>70,873</u>	<u>13,873</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Program Services	67,000	67,000	35,479	31,521
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>67,000</u>	<u>67,000</u>	<u>35,479</u>	<u>31,521</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>35,394</u>	<u>45,394</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer from Other Funds	10,000	10,000	10,000	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	45,394	45,394
Fund Balance at Beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>93,339</u>	<u>93,339</u>
Fund Balance at End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 138,733</u>	<u>\$ 138,733</u>

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
BUILDING FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 2,000	\$ 12,000	\$ -	\$ (12,000)
State Sources	-	-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>2,000</u>	<u>12,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(12,000)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	<u>15,000</u>	<u>12,000</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>11,927</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>15,000</u>	<u>12,000</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>11,927</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(13,000)	-	(73)	(73)
Fund Balance at Beginning of year	<u>13,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,149</u>	<u>12,149</u>
Fund Balance at End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,076</u>	<u>\$ 12,076</u>

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
CAPITAL RESERVE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Reserves	135,000	71,643	41,847	29,796
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>135,000</u>	<u>71,643</u>	<u>41,847</u>	<u>29,796</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(135,000)</u>	<u>(71,643)</u>	<u>(41,847)</u>	<u>29,796</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer from Other Funds	15,000	71,643	71,643	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>15,000</u>	<u>71,643</u>	<u>71,643</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(120,000)	-	29,796	29,796
Fund Balance at Beginning of year	<u>120,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>56,806</u>	<u>56,806</u>
Fund Balance at End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 86,602</u>	<u>\$ 86,602</u>

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
BOND REDEMPTION FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>BUDGETED AMOUNTS</u>		<u>ACTUAL</u>	<u>VARIANCE WITH</u>
	<u>ORIGINAL</u>	<u>FINAL</u>		<u>FINAL BUDGET</u>
				<u>POSITIVE</u>
				<u>(NEGATIVE)</u>
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$ 475,000	\$ 470,000	\$ 493,494	\$ 23,494
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>475,000</u>	<u>470,000</u>	<u>493,494</u>	<u>23,494</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service				
Principal	224,000	224,000	325,000	(101,000)
Interest	250,000	243,261	143,644	99,617
Other	1,000	2,739	(5,574)	8,313
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>475,000</u>	<u>470,000</u>	<u>463,070</u>	<u>6,930</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	30,424	30,424
Fund Balance at Beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,013,303</u>	<u>1,013,303</u>
Fund Balance at End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,043,727</u>	<u>\$ 1,043,727</u>

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT R-1

CDE COMPLIANCE SECTION



Wall,
Smith,
Bateman Inc.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH CDE-FINANCIAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES MANUAL

To the Board of Education
Centennial School District R-1
San Luis, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centennial School District R-1 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated March 02, 2021.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the Colorado Department of Education Financial Policies and Procedures Manual insofar as it relates to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and management of the District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.
Alamosa, Colorado

March 02, 2021

Certified Public Accountants

3001 Adcock Circle PO Box 809 Alamosa, CO 81101 | 719-589-3619 | f 719-589-5492 | www.wsbcpa.com



Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report

District: 0640 - Centennial R-1

Fiscal Year 2019-20

Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type & Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governmental	+		-	=
10 General Fund	1,425,764	2,784,458	2,430,161	1,780,062
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	349,198	325,016	357,383	316,830
Sub- Total	1,774,962	3,109,474	2,787,544	2,096,892
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	30,488	184,216	188,432	26,272
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	9,527	553,195	553,195	9,527
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	93,339	80,873	35,478	138,733
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	1,013,303	493,493	463,069	1,043,727
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	12,148	0	73	12,076
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	56,806	71,643	41,846	86,602
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	2,990,572	4,492,894	4,069,638	3,413,828
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0

FINAL